U S WEST, Inc. Suite 700 1020 Nineteenth Street, NW Washington, DC 20036 202 429-3131 FAX 202 296-5157

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

USWEST

BB Nugent Executive Director Federal Regulatory

EX PARTE

January 28, 1999

Ms. Magalie Roman Salas Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 - 12th Street, SW, TW-A325 Washington, DC 20554

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JAN 28 1999

OFFICE OF THE SECRETMY

PROBRAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMINI

RE: CC Docket No. 96-262: Access Charge Reform

CC Docket No. 94-1: Price Cap Performance Review for

Local Exchange Carriers

CC Docket No. 97-250: MCI Telecommunications Corp. Emergency

Petition for Prescription of Access Charges

RM-9210: Consumer Federal of America Petition for Rulemaking

Dear Ms. Salas:

On January 27, 1999, Jim Hannon, John Kure and the undersigned, representing U S WEST, met with Tamara Preiss, Steve Spaeth, Aaron Goldschmidt, Florence Setzer and John Scott of the Competitive Pricing Division regarding the above-captioned proceedings. The attached documents served as the basis for the discussion.

In accordance with Section 1.1206(a)(2) of the Commission's rules, an original and one copy of this letter and the attachments are being filed with your office for inclusion in the record of this proceeding. Because of the late hour of our meeting yesterday, this ex parte notification is being filed with you today.

Acknowledgment and date of receipt of this submission is requested. A duplicate of this letter is provided for this purpose.

Sincerely,

Attachments

BBNugent

cc w/o Attachments: Mr. Aaron Goldschmidt

Ms. Tamara Preiss Mr. John Scott Ms. Florence Setzer

Mr. Steve Spaeth

No. of Copies rec'd

cc: w/ Attachments: Mr. Jay Atkinson

Ms. Jane Jackson

Mr. Rich Lerner

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U S WEST High Capacity Forbearance Market Share Update

JAN 28 1999

PRINCIPAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
SPECE OF THE SECRETION

The market share information provided in the petitions for Phoenix and Seattle were based on a study as of the fourth quarter, 1997. Quality Strategies has completed new studies for the second quarter, 1998. The market shares of U S WEST Communications continue to erode.

	Provider	Transport	Retail	Wholesale	Overall
Fourth Quarter	1997	-			
Phoenix	71.7%	84.1%	29.2%	79.1%	77.4%
Seattle	65.2%	74.2%	20.7%	71.7%	72.8%
Second Quarter	1998		•		
Phoenix	69.5%	62.3%	27.9%	64.9%	67.1%
Seattle	64.7%	63.3%	20.0%	65.7%	64.2%

The overall High Capacity market share dropped noticeably in both cities, primarily driven by a significant decrease in the Transport segment. The Transport segment represents the purchases by carriers to extend their own backbone routes. This is further indication that the self-provisioning by the carriers is continuing, particularly in light of the merger of AT&T and TCG and the merger of MCI, MFS and WorldCom.

U S WEST High Capacity Forbearance Price Cap and Earnings Adjustments

This paper addresses the impacts to Price Caps and earnings when the FCC approves the U S WEST Communication petitions for forbearance for High Capacity Services. As demonstrated in the paper, the Price Cap mechanism is self-correcting and no adjustments are needed other than removing the demand for the affected services. From an earnings perspective the only impact is on the Low End Adjustment. The paper describes how the Adjustment would be apportioned to Price Cap services as well as to non-dominant services. Customers of Price Caps services are more than adequately protected when this process is used to effect a Low End Adjustment.

Price Caps will be adjusted by removing High Capacity Services. These services are in the Trunking Basket. The Trunking Price Cap Index and the Actual Price Index will be self-corrected by removing the demand counts from the base period demand in a TRP filing. The bands for the high capacity categories and subcategories would be adjusted in the same manner.

No exogenous treatment or freezing of the head room (i.e., the difference between the PCI and API) is necessary to protect other customers nor is it justified under Price Cap regulation. As demonstrated by the following analysis, the Price Cap mechanism is self-correcting. Removing one group of services such as high capacity services does not adversely impact other services. The total revenue (the "R" value) is automatically reduced by the value of the demand being removed. The amount of headroom shrinks proportionally. The example used in the analysis shows the headroom shrinking from \$5,432,616 to \$5,164,684. Because the headroom associated with the non-dominant services is removed it is not available to increase prices for the services remaining under Price Caps. In contrast, if these competitive services were to remain under Price Cap the extra headroom generated from competitively pricing these services would be available to raise prices to customers of other services in the Trunking Basket. The bands for the categories and subcategories are also automatically adjusted in a similar manner.

The only practical implication of earnings for a Price Cap company is the Low End Adjustment when the actual rate-of-return falls below 10.25%. As described later in this paper, the Low End Adjustment for Price Cap services would be reduced by the difference between the revenue generated from the non-dominant services compared to a theoretical revenue for these services. The theoretical revenue is calculated by repricing the non-dominant services at the corresponding rates on an average basis for each type of service (e.g., DS1). The remaining Low End Adjustment is then spread proportional to the actual revenues for the Price Cap and non-dominant services. In the example used in the analysis, an interstate Low End Adjustment of \$21M is reduced to \$10M for Price Cap services, the remainder of the adjustment is essentially assigned to the non-dominant services. This procedure protects the customers of Price Cap services from having to bear the burden of the full Low End Adjustment by assigning a portion to the non-dominant services.

When granting U S WEST's petition for forbearance, the Commission has the full authority to allow U S WEST to remove high capacity services from Price Cap regulation as described above

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without additional changes in its rules. Section 10 gives the Commission the necessary authority to grant this relief.

Price Cap Plan

When U S WEST's forbearance petition for High Capacity Services is approved, Price Cap data will be changed in a TRP filing to show the effects of removing the demand no long subject to Price Caps. The TRP filing will not include any rate changes. The High Capacity Services are in the Trunking basket. To reflect the impacts to Price Caps from this demand reduction, this TRP filing is considered to be an update to the Price Cap Index for the Trunking basket. Using Price Cap rules in Part 61, the Price Cap Index (PCI) for the Trunking Basket is

$$PCI_t = PCI_{t-1} \bullet [1 + w \bullet (GDP-PI - X) + \Delta Y / R + \Delta Z / R]$$

Because this is not an Annual Filing, the inflation (GDP-PI) and the productivity (X) factors do not apply and are set to zero. Also exogenous changes (ΔZ) are not applicable as discussed below. The imputation of access charges (ΔY) is also not applicable. Both of these elements are set to zero. Even though it has no affect in the calculation of the PCI, the base period revenue (R) is the sum of base period demand reduced for the non-dominant demand (D_{iR}) multiplied by the rates (P_{it-1}) at the last PCI update. The net result is a new Price Cap Index equal to the former one.

$$PCI_{t-1} = PCI_{t-1} = 0.555254^{1}$$

The Actual Price Index (API) is then calculated

$$API_{t} = API_{t-1} \bullet \Sigma [v_{i} \bullet (P_{it} / P_{it-1})]$$

For this TRP filing the formula can be restated as

$$API_{t} = API_{t-1} \bullet \Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it}) / \Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it-1})$$

Because there are no rate changes there is no change in the API.

$$API_{t-1} = API_{t-1} = 0.551520$$

Headroom (HR) is the difference between the revenue generated from the actual prices and the revenue which is allowed if the API is equal to the PCI as permitted in the rules. The generally used formula for headroom is

$$HR = [PCI_{\bullet} \Sigma (D_{i} \bullet P_{it-1}) / API_{t-1}] - \Sigma (D_{i} \bullet P_{it})$$

For this TRP filing, the resulting headroom is

$$HR_{R} = [PCI_{t} \bullet \Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it-1})/API_{t-1}] - \Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it})$$

$$HR_{R} = (0.555254 \bullet \$762,835,579 / 0.551520) - \$762,835,579$$

¹ To demonstrate these effects, a demonstrative TRP as well as the prior TRP (Transmittal No. 956) from which this TRP is built are attached. The actual demand for Phoenix has not been definitively identified; however, approximate demand has been developed to show the relative impacts. The data used is from these two TRPs.

$$HR_R = $5,164,684$$

Because there are no changes in prices, the revenues represented by $\Sigma(D_i \bullet P_{it})$ and $\Sigma(D_i \bullet P_{it-1})$ are equal to $\Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it})$ and the headroom can be restated to

$$HR_R = (PCI_t - API_{t-1}) \bullet \Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it}) / API_{t-1}$$

The headroom available prior to this TRP filing is

$$\begin{aligned} &HR_{p} = [PCI_{t-1} \bullet \Sigma(D_{ip} \bullet P_{it-2}) / API_{t-2})] - \Sigma(D_{ip} \bullet P_{it-1}) \\ &HR_{p} = (0.555254 \bullet \$802,409,252 / 0.551520) - \$802,409,252 \\ &HR_{p} = \$5,432,616 \end{aligned}$$

For the prior TRP filing the API is

$$\begin{aligned} & API_{t-1} = API_{t-2} \bullet \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-1}) / \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-2}) \\ & \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-1}) = API_{t-1} \bullet \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-2}) / API_{t-2} \end{aligned}$$

Using this to substitute for $\Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-1})$ in the headroom for the prior filing gives

$$HR_{p} = [PCI_{t-1} \bullet \Sigma(D_{ip} \bullet P_{it-2}) / API_{t-2}] - [API_{t-1} \bullet \Sigma(D_{ip} \bullet P_{it-2}) / API_{t-2}]$$

$$HR_{p} = (PCI_{t-1} - API_{t-1}) \bullet \Sigma(D_{ip} \bullet P_{it-2}) / API_{t-2}$$

To determine the relationship of the headroom resulting from this TRP filing to the headroom from the prior TRP filing, the ratio of the two headrooms is determined

$$HR_{R} / HR_{P} = [(PCI_{t} - API_{t-1}) \bullet \Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it}) / API_{t-1}] / [(PCI_{t-1} - API_{t-1}) \bullet \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-2}) / API_{t-2}]$$

Because PCI, equals PCI_{t-1} for this TRP filing, the equation can be simplified to

$$HR_R / HR_P = \left[\sum (D_{iR} \bullet P_{it}) / API_{t-1} \right] / \left[\sum (D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-2}) / API_{t-2} \right]$$

Substituting for API, from above in the head room ratio and simplifying gives

$$\begin{split} HR_R \ / \ HR_P &= \left[\Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it}) \ / \ (API_{t-2} \bullet \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-1}) \ / \ \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-2}) \right] \ / \ \left[\Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-2}) \ / \ API_{t-2} \right] \\ HR_R \ / \ HR_P &= \left[\Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it}) \ / \ \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-1}) \right] \ / \ \left[\Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-2}) \ / \ \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-2}) \right] \\ HR_R \ / \ HR_P &= \Sigma(D_{iR} \bullet P_{it}) \ / \ \Sigma(D_{iP} \bullet P_{it-1}) \\ \$5,164,684 \ / \ \$5,432,616 = \$762,835,579 \ / \ \$802,409,252 \\ 0.9506809 &= 0.9506814 \end{split}$$

This equation shows that the ratio of the head rooms is proportional to the head room resulting from this TRP filing to the sum of the base period demand from the prior filing multiplied by the rates from the prior filing. In other words, the headroom is reduced proportional to the reduction in revenue caused by removing the demand for the non-dominant services.

This same effect takes place in the headroom associated with the categories and sub categories. As a demonstration (without the diversion of the equations), the headroom for the DS1 sub category for this TRP filing is \$16,347,589 and the headroom from the prior filing is \$17,986,919. The ratio of these two numbers is 0.9088599. The ratio of the two respective revenues is 0.9088599 (i.e., \$247,849,713 / \$272,703,989). Again as the equality of these ratios demonstrates, the headroom is reduced proportional to the change in revenues which is all driven by the reduction in the demand. It must also be remembered that the ability to use the headroom in the sub categories is constrained by the headroom of the overreaching category. The headroom in the categories is further constrained by the headroom in the basket. Due to all of this complexity, there is little flexibility to raise prices under Price Caps and the reduction in head room caused by removing the demand further constrains that limited ability.

It is clear the headroom is automatically reduced using the Price Cap formulas. There is no windfall of headroom that can be used to raise prices for services remaining under Price Cap. The reduction in headroom reduces a LEC's ability to increase prices of less competitive services in the future. In addition, as the prices for more competitive services which are not under Price Caps (those in the Phoenix MSA, for example) are reduced, headroom is not created for other prices to be increased.

Also, there is no need for an exogenous change to be applied in the Price Cap Index formula. By the very nature of removing demand, the R value is decreased. A demonstration of the unreasonableness of an exogenous change is shown when the PCI equals the API prior to this TRP filing. In this case an exogenous change would force a decrease to the PCI. This in turn would force a decrease to the API which would force a decrease to rates. There is no justification for reducing the rates of other Price Cap services when some services are classified as non-dominant and removed from Price Cap regulation.

Nor is there a need for an exogenous adjustment to reflect the removal of costs. What costs are removed? In the case of pay phones becoming CPE, the costs of the phones were appropriately removed from the Common Line Basket; the recovery was no longer to be from the SLC or the CCLC. In the case of the sale or rural exchanges, it could be argued that the high costs of these exchanges should be removed. In the case of non-dominant treatment, no costs are being removed; the same telephone infrastructure provides the service. An argument could be developed which shows that the non-dominant services are less expensive to deliver since they are in the low cost, high density areas. If this is true, a positive exogenous cost would be appropriate to raise the rates for the services remaining under Price Caps. It suffices that any exogenous change is inappropriate.

In conclusion, the Price Cap mechanism is self-correcting. Customers of services remaining under Price Caps are adequately protected when the demand for non-dominant services is removed from the calculation of the indices.

Price Cap Glossary

API	Actual Price Index
\mathbf{D}_{i}	Demand quantities
GDP-PI	Inflation factor
HR	Headroom is the difference between the revenue generated from the actual prices and
	the revenue which is allowed if the API is equal to the PCI
HR_{P}	Headroom prior to removing the non-dominant demand
HR_R	Headroom when the non-dominant demand is removed
P_i	Price for a rate element
PCI	Price Cap Index
R	$\Sigma(D_i \bullet P_{it-1})$ Base period revenue
t	Current time for a TRP filing
t-1	Time of the previous TRP filing
t-2	Time of the TRP filing which was prior to the previous TRP filing
TRP	Tariff Review Plan, used to demonstrate the Price Cap calculations
v	$D_i \bullet P_{it-1} / \Sigma(D_i \bullet P_{it-1})$ Estimated revenue weight, used in the API formula
w	$(R + \Delta Z)/R$ Weighting factor in the PCI formula for inflation less productivity
X	Productivity factor
ΔY	Imputation of Access charges
ΔZ	Exogenous changes

Low End Adjustment

The current Price Cap regime provides for a Low End Adjustment when the actual rate of return for the base year period falls below 10.25%. This is the only practical implication of rate of return for a Price Cap company. In the unlikely event the realized rate of return would fall below 10.25% and the company chooses to seek a Low End Adjustment, the following details how that adjustment would be calculated.

The actual rate of return will continue to be reported on all interstate rate of return, Price Cap and non-dominant services. If the rate of return falls below 10.25% for a base year period and the company chooses to seek the Low End Adjustment, a PCI adjustment for the Price Cap services will be calculated by determining the earnings necessary to bring the rate of return back to 10.25% based on the reported data for the base year. See Exhibit 1 for an illustrative example.

The Low End Adjustment will be reduced by assigning some of the Adjustment to the non-dominant services. This will be accomplished by restating the non-dominant revenues to a theoretical level which reflects revenues that might have been if the non-dominant services had been priced at the corresponding Price Cap rates. The corresponding Price Caps rates are determined by calculating the actual revenue per unit (e.g., channel termination) for categories of services (e.g., DS1, DS3) for both Price Cap and non-dominant services. Exhibit 2 shows this step. The revenue for the non-dominant services is recalculated using the Price Cap revenue per unit. The difference between the realized non-dominant revenue and the theoretical revenue is used to reduce the Adjustment. See Exhibit 1.

The remaining Low End Adjustment is spread to the Price Cap and non-dominant products proportional to the realized revenues in the base year.

This process more than adequately protects the customers of Price Cap products from having to bear the entire burden if the Low End Adjustment is needed. As shown in the exhibit, only \$10.095M of the Low End Adjustment of \$20.963M is assigned to the Price Cap services. It should be noted that if the price decreases of the non-dominant services have been aggressive, much (if not all) of the Adjustment would be apportioned to the non-dominant services.

This method also shifts more of the burden of the Adjustment to the non-dominant services in another way. It is most probable that the services in the zones with the lowest prices will become non-dominant. The less competitive zones with the higher prices will remain under Price Caps. Calculating the theoretical revenues based on the average for the corresponding Price Cap services really overstates what a fair revenue per unit would have been because it uses the rates in effect for the higher priced zones.

This method for determining the Low End Adjustment more than adequately protects the customers of services remaining under Price Caps!

<u>Low End Adjustment for Removed Services - High Cap Example</u> Dollars in thousands

Step #1: Actual 1997 Price	Cap Earnings Data	1		
	Source	Total IS	PC Services	Removed Svcs
1 Revenues	492A and	\$3,224,051	\$3,099,165	\$124,886
1 Revenues	Company Records	\$5,227,051	\$3,099,103	\$124,000
2 Evm + Toyon	492A	\$2,853,048		
2 Exp + Taxes 3 Return	Ln 1 - Ln 2			
4 ANI	492A	\$371,003 \$3,742,251		
	Ln 3 / Ln 4	9.91%		
5 ROR	Ln 3 / Ln 4	9.91%		
Step #2: Calculate LEA on	total interstate acc	ess basis		
	S	Total IC		
(Data - 0 10 250/	Source	Total IS		
6 Return @ 10.25%	Ln 4 * 0.1025	\$383,581		
7 Actual return	Ln 3	\$371,003		
8 Difference	Ln 6 - Ln 7	\$12,578		
9 Gross-up for Taxes (@	Ln 8 / 0.60	\$20,963		
0.40)		,		
Step #3: Calculate revenue	differential attribu	<u>itable to remov</u>	ed services	
	Source	DS1	DS3	
10 Removed svcs rev	Company Records	\$85,286		
11 Ratio of PC/removed svc	Lns 13 and 14,	1.0707	1.1119	
ARPU	Exhibit 2	1.0707	1.1117	
12 Removed svcs rev adjusted	Ln 10 * Ln 11	\$91,316	\$44,031	
13 Revenue differential	Ln 10 - Ln 12	-\$6,030	,	
		40,030	Ψ1,131	
Step #4: Adjust total LEA	for removed service	es revenue diffe	rential	
	Source	LEA		
	Source	Adjustment		
14 Total LEA	Ln 9	\$20,963		
15 Revenue differential	Ln 13 (DS1 +	-\$10,461		
13 Revenue differential	DS3)	-\$10,401		
16 Revenue adjusted LEA	Ln 14 + Ln 15	\$10,502		
Step #5: Allocate portion o	 of revenue adj LEA	to price cap se	rvices	
	Source	Total IS	PC Services	Removed Svcs
17 Total revenues actual	Ln 1	\$3,224,051	\$3,099,165	\$124,886
18 Revenue Distribution		100.00%	96.13%	3.87%
19 Allocation of LEA	Ln 16 * Ln 18	\$10,502	\$10,095	£407
13 MILUCALION OF LEW	THIO THIO	\$10,302	\$10,095	\$407

<u>Calculating Ratio of Price Cap to Removed Services Average Revenue Per Unit (ARPU)</u> Example for Removal of DS1 and DS3 Services in Some Geographic Areas

	Source	Amount	
Step #1: Calculate actual ARPU for remove	 <u>d services</u> 		
Actual DS1 revenue from removed svcs	Company Records	\$85,286,160	
DS1 chan terms removed	Company Records	236,906	
Rev/unit (ARPU) removed	Ln 1 / Ln 2	\$360.00	
Actual DS3 revenue from removed svcs	Company Records	\$39,600,000	
DS3 chan terms removed	Company Records	12,000	
Rev/unit (ARPU) removed	Ln 4 / Ln 5	\$3,300.00	
Step #2: Calculate ARPU for corresponding	price cap services	(after remova	l date)
DS1 service cat. Revenues	TRP	\$213,074,289	
DS1 service cat. chan terms	TRP	552,782	
Rev/DS1 (ARPU) under price caps	Ln 7 / Ln 8	\$385.46	
DS3 service cat. Revenues	TRP	\$66,047,600	
DS3 service cat, chan terms	TRP	18,000	
Rev/DS3 (ARPU) under price caps	Ln 10 / Ln 11	\$3,669.31	
Step #3: Calculate ratio of PC/removed AR	! PU .		
DS1 services ratio	Ln 9 / Ln 3	1.0707	
DS3 services ratio	Ln 12 / Ln 6	1.1119	

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U S WEST High Capacity Forbearance Price Cap and Earnings Adjustments

When the FCC approves the U S WEST Communication petitions for forbearance for High Capacity Services, the changes required to the Price Cap and Earnings mechanisms are minimal. From the Price Cap perspective, the demand for the non-dominant services will be removed from the indices calculations. By removing the demand, Price Caps is self-correcting and no other Price Cap adjustments are needed. Headroom reduces proportional to the reduction in the calculated revenues, the "R" value. Exogenous changes are not needed because no costs are being removed. Customers of services remaining under Price Caps are adequately protected because the headroom is proportionally reduced and because headroom that would have been created by pricing these services to the competitive market is not available to raise Price Cap controlled prices. The Price Cap modifications to reflect the non-dominant treatment are straightforward, simple and adequate to protect customers.

In a hypothetical example run for the Phoenix MSA the headroom shrinks from \$5,432,616 to \$5,164,684 when the estimated demand for the non-dominant services is removed.

From an earnings perspective, the situation is equally straightforward. All revenues (Price Cap and non-dominant) will continue to be reported in total, the same for expenses and investment. The only practical concern for a Price Cap company is the Low End Adjustment when the realized earnings fall below 10.25%. The FCC's rules allow for an upward price change to bring the earnings back to 10.25%. If this were to happen, and an ILEC would ask for such treatment, the Low End Adjustment would be reduced by the amount of revenue the non-dominant services would have brought in if they would have been priced like similar services under Price Cap. Any remaining Adjustment is then proportionally spread to the Price Cap and non-dominant services based on the realized revenues. This method more than adequately protects the customers of Price Cap services. The company must absorb all of the Adjustment assigned to the non-dominant services has been very aggressive, it is not impossible for all of the Adjustment to be assigned to the non-dominant side.

An example can be created where the Adjustment of \$21M results in only \$10M apportioned to the Price Cap services. The remainder of the Adjustment, \$11M, is assigned to the non-dominant services.

When granting the petition for forbearance, the Commission has the full authority to allow these changes to these procedures to take place without additional changes in its rules. Section 10 gives the Commission the necessary authority to grant this relief.

High Capacity - Typical Configuration Elements

			Recurring Charges (Monthly)
"Typical" Circuit	QTY	<u>USOC</u>	Element Description
I. DS1 CT to DS1 Ct, 10 interoffice miles	1		
	2	TMECS	DS1 CT 1.544 MBPS
	[1	1U5C3	DS1 1.544 8-25 MILES, Fixed Component (Det. by FID code)
	10	1U5C3	DS1 1.544 8-25 MILES, Per Mile (Det. by FID code)
II. DS1 CT to MUX, 10 interoffice			
miles to DS3 CT	1	TMECS	DS1 CT 1.544 MBPS
assumes a DS1 to DS3 MUX at the	1	MQ3	DS3 to DS1 MUX
DS1-side wire center. An additional	1	1U5U3	DS3 44.736 8-25 MILES, Fixed Component (Det. by FID code)
DS1 to DS0 data MUX is USOC QMU for	10	1U5U3	DS3 44.736 8-25 MILES, Per Mile (Det. by FID code)
data, or MQ1 for voice.	1	THJAX	DS3 CT (Cap. of 1, Electrical)
III. DS3 CT to DS3 CT, 10 interoffice miles	2	THJAX	DS3 CT (Cap. of 1, Electrical)
iii. Doo of to Doo of, to interesting initia	1 1	1U5U3	DS3 44.736 8-25 MILES, Fixed Component (Det. by FID code)
	10	1U5U3	DS3 44.736 8-25 MILES, Per Mile (Det. by FID code)

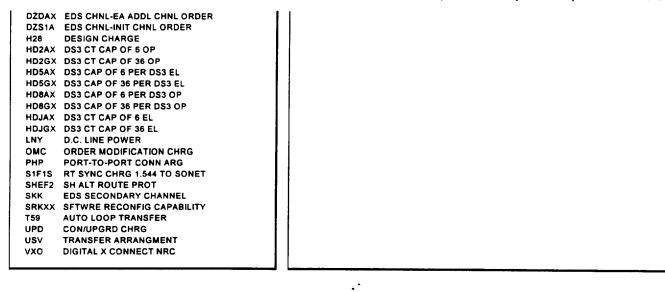
Note: Each element also has an associated non-recurring charge, usually designated with the same USOC.

	Delivate Line and Secolal Assess HEACS	1 1	Brigate I inc and Emerical Access COS-
USOC	Private Line and Special Access USOCs Description	cos	Private Line and Special Access COSs Description
Channel Te			Description
FC5	CO NODE, PER CUST PCO	HS1M9	HIGH CAP SERVICE - DS1 (1.544 MBPS); INTRASTATE; END-LINK TO
FC6AX	CO PORT RATE DS1, P/ PT	HS1MN	HIGH CAP SERVICE - DS1 (1.544 MBPS); INTRASTATE-INTRALATA
FC6BX	CO PORT RATE DS3, P/ PT	QU71X	COMMON CHANNEL SIGNALING SERVICE - DS1 CONTRACTED - CLEC
	CO PORT RATE OC3, P/ PT	RS4	RATE SYNCHRONIZATION
	CO PORT RATE OC12, P/PT	RS4XX	RATE SYNCHRONIZATION
FP5	REM NODE, PER CUST PREM	SX71X	COMMON CHANNEL SIGNALING SERVICE - DS1
	REM PORT RATE DS1, P/ PT	XD61X	SIMULTANEOUS VOICE-DATA DERIVED SERVICE - DA1 - 2.4 KBPS
	REM PORT RATE DS3, P/ PT REM PORT RATE OC3, P/ PT	XDE1X XDE3X	HIGH CAP SERVICE: SELF HEALING; 1.544 MBPS (DS1) HIGH CAP SERVICE; SELF HEALING; 44.736 MBPS (DS3)
	REM PORT RATE OCS, F/FT	XDEDX	HIGH CAP SERVICE; SELF HEALING; 155.52 MBPS; INTERSTATE
FV5	OCX REMOTE CO NODE	XDEEX	HIGH CAP SERVICE; SELF HEALING; 622.08 MBPS - INTERSTATE
	DS1 CT CAP 4 PER DS1 QP2 R/I	XDEFX	HIGH CAP SERVICE; SELF HEALING; 1.244 GBPS; INTERSTATE
	DS1 CT CAP 4 PER DS1 QP2 R/I	XDEGX	HIGH CAP SERVICE; SELF HEALING; 2.488 GBPS; INTERSTATE
T1A6X	DS1 CT CAP 4 PER DS1 QP1 R/I	XDEVX	HIGH CAP SERVICE; SELF HEALING; 135 MBPS
T1A7X	DS1 CT CAP 4 PER DS1 QP1 R/I	XDEYX	HIGH CAP SERVICE; SELF HEALING; 1.12 GBP
	DS3 CT CAP OF 3 RADIO INTERFACE	XDEZX	HIGH CAP SERVICE; SELF HEALING; 565 MBPS
	DS3 CT CAP OF 6 RADIO INTERFACE	XDH1X	HIGH CAP SERVICE; 1.544 MBPS - HC1
	DS3 CT CAP OF 9 RADIO INTERFACE	XDH3X	HIGH CAP SERVICE: 44.736 MBPS - HC3
	DS3 CT CAP OF 12 RADIO INTERFACE	XDHBX	HIGH CAP SERVICE: 89.472 MPBS
	DS3 CT CAP OF 18 OP	XDHKX	HIGH CAP SERVICE: 280 MBPS HIGH CAP SERVICE: 1.866 GBPS
	DS3 CT CAP OF 2 OP DS3 CT CAP OF 3 OP	XDHVX	•
	DS3 CT CAP OF 3 OF	XDHWX	
	DS3 CT CAP OF 24 OP	XDHXX	
	DS3 CT CAP OF 9 OP	XDHYX	HIGH CAP SERVICE; 1.12 GBPS
TH5EX	DS3 CAP OF 2 PER DS3 EL	XDHZX	HIGH CAP SERVICE; 565 MBPS
TH5JX	DS3 CAP OF 3 PER DS3 EL	XET1X	EXTENDED DIGITAL SERVICE; 1.544 MBPS - HC1
	DS3 CAP OF 12 PER DS3 EL	XETGX	EXTENDED DIGITAL SERVICE; DERIVED CHANNEL
	DS3 CAP OF 24 PER DS3 EL	XG31X	SPECIAL - CS - FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP DS3 - PLAN 1
	DS3 CAP OF 9 PER DS3 EL	XG32X	SPECIAL - CS - FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP DS3 - PLAN 2
	DS3 CAP OF 18 PER DS3 OP	XG33X XG34X	SPECIAL - CS - FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP DS3 - PLAN 3 SPECIAL - CS - FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP DS3 - PLAN 4
	DS3 CAP OF 2 PER DS3 OP DS3 CAP OF 3 PER DS3 OP	XG35X	SPECIAL - CS - FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP DS3 - PLAN 5
	DS3 CAP OF 3 PER DS3 OP	XG36X	SPECIAL - CS - FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP DS3 - PLAN 6
	DS3 CAP OF 24 PER DS3 OP	XG37X	SPECIAL - CS - FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP DS3 - PLAN 7
	DS3 CAP OF 9 PER DS3 OP	XGH1X	FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP 1 - HC1; PLAN 1; FGTS
	DS3 CT CAP OF 1 EL	хднэх	FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP 1 - HC1; PLAN 3; FGTS
THJEX	DS3 CT CAP OF 2 EL	XGH4X	FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP 1 - HC1; PLAN 4; FGTS
THJJX	DS3 CT CAP OF 3 EL	XGH5X	FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP 1 - HC1; PLAN 5; FGTS
THJNX	DS3 CT CAP OF 12 EL	XGH6X	FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP 1 - HC1; PLAN 6; FGTS
	DS3 CT CAP OF 24 EL	XGH7X	FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP 1 - HC1; PLAN 7; FGTS
	DS3 CT CAP OF 9 EL	XGH8X	FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP 1 - HC1; PLAN 8; FGTS
	DS1 CT 1.544 MBPS	XGH9X	FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP 1 - HC1; PLAN 9; FGTS
	EDS DS1 CT 1.544 MBPS DS1 NP-A CT 1.544 MBPS	XGHAX	FTS 2000 - HIGH CAP 1 - HC1; PLAN 10; FGTS
	DS1 NP-B CT 1.544 MBPS	XNE1X XNE2X	NETWORK RECONFIG SERVICE - COS - 12 MONTHS; NETWORK RECONFIG SERVICE - COS - 24 MONTHS;
12017	201 M - 2 01 1.077 M2F 0	XNE3X	NETWORK RECONFIG SERVICE - COS - 24 MONTHS;
ransport C	Channels:	XNE5X	NETWORK RECONFIG SERVICE - COS - 60 MONTHS;
-	OC3 - OC48, 0 MILES	XNEMX	NETWORK RECONFIG SERVICE - COS - M-TO-M;
	OC3 - OC48, 0-8 FIXED	XSWAX	
1A5BC	OC3 - OC48, 8-25 FIXED	XSWBX	SONET; OC3; 12 MONTH PLAN INTERSTATE;
	OC3 - OC48 25-50 FIXED	1 1	SONET; OC3; 24 MONTH PLAN INTERSTATE;
	OC3 - OC48, OVER 50 FIXED	XSWDX	
	DS1 1.544 0 MILES	XSWEX	
	DS1 1.544 0-8 MILES	XSWFX	
	DS1 1.544 8-25 MILES	XSWGX	
	DS1 1.544 25-50 MILES DS1 1.544 OV 50 MILES	XSWIX	
	DS3 0 MILES	XSWKX	
	DS3 0-8 MILES	XSWLX	
	DS3 8-25 MILES	1 1	SONET; OC48; 12 MONTH PLAN INTERSTATE;
	DS3 25-50 MILES	XSWNX	
1U5U5	DS3 OV 50 MILES	xswox	SONET: OC48; 36 MONTH PLAN INTERSTATE;
1YTXA	CHANNEL MI SPEC ACCESS	XSWPX	
	CHANNEL MI SPEC ACCESS	I 1	SONET; OC24; M-TO-M INTERSTATE;
1YTXC	CHANNEL MI SPEC ACCESS	XSWRX	
1YTXD	CHANNEL MI SPEC ACCESS CHANNEL MI SPEC ACCESS	XSWSX	

```
MUX
   M6W1X MUX
   M6W3X MUX
         MULTI DS1 TO VOICE
   MQ1
  MO3
         DS3 MUX
  PYVD5 CO MUX SUBRT SIG
  PYVM8 CONN ARRG DS1-DS1
  PYVM9 CONN ARRG MUX-MUX
  QM3XX CO MUX DS3 TO DS1
  OMU MULTI DS1 TO DSO
  OMVXX CO MUX DS1 TO VOICE
Self Healing Services:
  SHECK DS1 SHARP+ - PER PROTECTED CT
  SHEDX DS3 SHARP+ - PER PROTECTED CT
  SHEEX DS1 SHARP+ CO TERM - PER TERM
  SHEFX DS3 SHARP+ CO TERM - PER TERM
  SHNAX DS1 SHARP - PER CT
  SHNBX DS3 SHARP - PER DS3
  SHNJX DS3 SHARP-PER SYS LVL CT
  1HXQS SHNS OVER 0 MILES
  1HXQX SHNS 0 MILES
  DHG4X SHNS A.P. OC3 CAP 1,244 GBPS
  DHG6X SHNS A.P. OC12 CAP 1,244 GBPS
  DHG8X SHNS A.P. OC3 CAP 2.488 GBPS
  DHGBX SHNS A.P. DS1 CAP 155.52 MBPS
  DHGCX SHNS A.P. DS3 CAP 155.52 MBPS
  DHGDX SHNS A.P. DS1 CAP 622.08 MBPS
  DHGFX SHNS A.P. DS3 CAP 2.488 GBPS
  DHGXX SHNS A P OC3 CAP 622.08 MBPS
  DHH4X SHNS H.P. OC3 CAP 1,244 GBPS
  DHH6X SHNS H.P. OC12 CAP 1.244 GBPS
  DHH8X SHNS H.P. OC3 CAP 2.488 GBPS
  DHHBX SHNS H.P. DS1 CAP 155.52 MBPS
  DHHCX SHNS H.P. DS3 CAP 155.52 MBPS
  DHHDX SHNS H.P. DS1 CAP 622.08 MBPS
  DHHEX SHNS H.P. DS3 CAP 2,488 GBPS
  DHHXX SHNS H.P. OC3 CAP 622.08 MBPS
  DHYBX SHNS A.P. DS3 CAP 622.08 MBPS
  DHYDX SHNS A.P. DS3 CAP 1.244 GBPS
  DHZBX SHNS H.P. DS3 CAP 622.08 MBPS
  DHZDX SHNS H.P. DS3 CAP 1.244 GBPS
  DJ3EX SHNS A P OC12 CAP 2,488 GBPS
  DJZEX SHNS H.P. OC12 CAP 2.488 GBPS
  NGGAX SHNS A.N. CAP 155.52 MBPS
  NGGEX SHNS A.N. CAP 2.488 GBPS
  NGHAX SHNS H.N. CAP 155.52 MBPS
  NGHEX SHNS H.N. CAP 2.488 GBPS
  NGYAX SHNS A.N. CAP 622.08 MBPS
  NGYCX SHNS A.N. CAP 1.244 GBPS
  NGZAX SHNS H.N. CAP 622.08 MBPS
  NGZCX SHNS H.N. CAP 1.244 GBPS
OTHER:
         EDS DS1 1.544
                       0 MILES
  1T561
         EDS DS1 1.544 0-8 MILES
  1T562
  1T563
         EDS DS1 1.544 8-25 MILES
  1T564
         EDS DS1 1.544 25-50 MILES
         EDS DS1 1.544 OVER 50 MILES
  1T565
  ALGOX Other Labor
  ALGXX BASELINE LABOR
         AVOIDANCE
  AOV
         EDS - BATTERY BACKUP
  BU6
  C6C
         EDS CLEAR CHANNEL-B8ZS
         EDS CLEAR CHANNEL-BASIC
  C7C
  cco
         CLEAR CHANNEL-BASIC
  CLR
         CLEAR CHANNEL-B8ZS
  CUSBD DS1 FF COCC
  CU5MN DS3 COCC
  CU5OU OC3 - OC 48, COCC
  CU5QS SHNS COCC
         CLEAR CHANNEL-ZBTSI
  CZ6
  D1J
         CAL 1.544 MBPS DS1
  D2GAA COMMAND-A-LINK
  D2GDU NET CONTROLLER
  D3D
         CAL 44.736 MBPS DS3
  DKFBM DS3 TRANSP ALT PATH PROTECTION
  DLZAX DESIGN LAYOUT RPT
  DLZHX DESIGN LAYOUT RPT
  DM3XX LL DIVERSITY MAINT - PER CT
  DY3XX TC DIVERSITY MAINT - PER TC
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DZD1X EDS CHNL-1ST ORDER AFTER INIT

U S WEST Communications' USOCs and COSs (class of service) for High Capacity services subject to the petitions for Forbear



	AND ATM USOCs (ACCESS PORTION ONLY)
RS:	Description
	Access Link M-TO-M
	Access Link 1 YR
	Access Link 2 YR
	Access Link 3 YR
	Access Link 4 YR
	Access Link 5 YR
	Access Link 6 YR
	Access Link 7 YR
	Stand Alone Access Link M-TO-M
NNLX1	Stand Alone Access Link 1 YR
NNLX2	Stand Alone Access Link 2 YR
NNLX3	Stand Alone Access Link 3 YR
	Stand Alone Access Link 4 YR
NNLX5	Stand Alone Access Link 5 YR
	Stand Alone Access Link 6 YR
	Stand Alone Access Link 7 YR
	COCC M-TO-M
	COCC 1 YR
	COCC 2 YR
	COCC 3 YR
	COCC 4 YR
	COCC 5 YR
	COCC 6 YR
	COCC 7 YR
	Usage Information Report M-TO-M Usage Information Report 1 YR
U1RFR	Usage Information Report 2 YR
	Usage Information Report 3 YR
U1RFR	
UIRFR	
UIRFR	
	Usage Information Report 7 YR
	Customer Network Mgmt M-TO-M
	Customer Network Mgmt 1 YR
	Customer Network Mgmt 2 YR
	Customer Network Mgmt 3 YR
	Customer Network Mgmt 4 YR
	Customer Network Mgmt 5 YR
NM6X6	Customer Network Mgmt 6 YR
	Customer Network Mgmt 7 YR
ATM:	
N7AXM	
N7AX1	
N7AX2	•
N7AX3	
N7AX4	•
N7AX5	•
N7AX6	Optical Access Link 6 Year
N7AX7	Optical Access Link 7 Year
N1AXM	Stand Alone OAL M-t-M
N1AX1	Stand Alone OAL 1 Year
N1AX2	Stand Alone OAL 2 Year Stand Alone OAL 3 Year
N1AX3 N1AX4	Stand Alone OAL 4 Year
N1AX4 N1AX5	Stand Alone OAL 5 Year
N1AX5	Stand Alone OAL 5 Year
N1AX7	Stand Alone OAL 7 Year
C3TXM	Fixed Rate Per Port M-t-M
C3TX1	Fixed Rate Per Port 1 Year
C3TX2	Fixed Rate Per Port 2 Year
C3TX3	Fixed Rate Per Port 3 Year
C3TX4	Fixed Rate Per Port 4 Year
C3TX5	
C3TX6	Fixed Rate Per Port 6 Year
C3TX7	Fixed Rate Per Port 7 Year
CFNXM	
CFNX1	COCC 1 Year
Q. 1971 1	COCC 2 Year
CFNX2	
CFNX2 CFNX3	
CFNX2 CFNX3 CFNX4	COCC 4 Year
CFNX3	
CFNX3 CFNX4	COCC 4 Year

cos	FRS AND ATM COCs (ACCESS PORTION ONLY) Description
X1NNX	
X1NNX	
X1UPX XFSPX	
AF3FA	
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ACLNX	Inter-state 1.536 Mbps
ACLSX ACLTX	Inter-state 44.736 Mbps Inter-state 155.52 Mbps
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U S WEST Communications' USOCs and COSs (class of service) for High Capacity services subject to the petitions for Forbear

	Switched Access				Switched Access	
USOC	Description		cos	Description		
Entrance Fa	icility - EF				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
EF2BX	DS1 electrical interface	l i				
EF2CX	DS3 electrical interface - per DS3	1				
EF2PX	DS3 electrical interface - per capacity system (sta	rting at ca	pacity of	2)		
EF2DX	DS3 optical interface - per DS3	11				
EF2LX	DS3 optical interface - per capacity system (starting	ng at caps	city of 2)			
Direct-trunk	ed transport - DTT	11				
1YTXA	0 mile	\rightarrow	CTH1X	DS1		
1YTXB	over 0 to 8 miles	>	КТНЗХ	DS3		
1YTXC	over 8 to 25 miles					
1YTXD	over 25 to 50 miles					
1YTXE	over 50 miles					
Multiplexing		11				
мкwзх	DS3 TO DS1 Entrance Facility MUX					
M6W3X	DS3 TO DS1 DTT MUX					
MKW1X	DS1 TO Voice Grade Entrance Facility MUX					
M6W1X	DS1 TO Voice Grade DTT MUX					

IND-1
Filing Date: 11/16/98
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Price Cap Tariff Review Plan Indices

agero	1 1										
		PROPOSED P					EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	6/30/98	6/30/98
		PCI	API	SBI	SBI LIMIT	PCI	API	SBI	SBI LIMIT	PCI	SBI
	Common Line Control	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)	(I)	(J)
100	Common Line Basket Total Common Line	00.0740	B1/A	A4/A		00.0740	***				
100	Traffic Sensitive Basket	90.9740	N/A	N/A	N/A	90.9740	N/A	N/A	N/A	87.2194	N/A
110	Local Switching	N/A	N/A	46.6161	40 4050		41/4	40.0404	40.4070	****	
	Information	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	71.8939	48.4659	N/A	NA	46.6161	48.4659	N/A	43.2636
	Database Access	N/A	N/A	94.2965	79.8477	N/A	N/A	71.8939	79.8477	N/A	71.6109
140		N/A	N/A	60.3275	100.7637 67.2664	N/A	N/A	94.2965	100.7637	N/A	90.3693
	Billing Name and Address	N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	NA	60.3275	67.2664	N/A	60.3275
	Local Switching Trunk Ports	N/A	N/A	100.0000		N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	0.0000
	STP Port Terminations	N/A	N/A	109.4118	111.5021 111.5021	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	100.0000	111.5021	N/A	100.0000
	Total Traffic Sensitive	56.3668	55.6460	N/A	N/A			109.4118	111.5021	N/A	100.0000
100	Trunking Basket	30.3000	33.0400	IVA	IVA	56.3668	55.6460	N/A	N/A	52.9067	N/A
200	Interconnection Charge	NA	N/A	22.3647	22.3647	NA	NI/A	00 0047	00 0047		44 4404
	Tandem Switched Transport	N/A	N/A	164.0556	171.1244	N/A	N/A N/A	22.3647	22.3647	N/A	41.1424
220		N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	N/A	164.0556	171.1244	N/A	168.0191
230		N/A	N/A	0.0000				0.0000	0.0000	N/A	0.0000
240		N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	0.0000
	VoiceGrade/WATS,Met.,Tigrph	N/A	N/A		0.0000	N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	0.0000
260		N/A	N/A	103.4280	104.0277	N/A	N/A	103.4280	104.0277	N/A	92.2546
270		N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	0.0000
280		N/A	N/A	0.0000		N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	0.0000
	Audio & Video	N/A	N/A		0.0000	N/A	N/A	0,0000	0.0000	N/A	0.0000
	High Cap & DDS	N/A	N/A	87.6285	88.2596	N/A	N/A	87.6285	88.2596	N/A	80.9387
310		N/A	N/A	93.0763	97.9358	N/A	N/A	93.0763	97.9358	N/A	87.0658
320		N/A	N/A	85.1531 80.0981	90.7696	N/A	N/A	85.1531	90.7696	N/A	80.7337
330		N/A	N/A	81.1410	84.2012 87.7207	N/A	N/A	80.0981	84.2012	N/A	76.7258
340		N/A	N/A	82.3448		N/A	N/A	81.1410	87.7207	N/A	79.9329
350		N/A	N/A	79.5117	89.9675 83.4873	N/A	NA	82.3448	89.9675	N/A	81.9802
360		N/A	N/A	83.2720	87.4356	N/A N/A	N/A	79.5117	83.4873	N/A	79.5117
370		N/A	N/A	82.0236	86.1248	N/A	N/A N/A	83.2720	87.4356	N/A	83.2720
380		N/A	N/A	92.0859	96.7205	N/A	N/A	82.0236	86.1248	N/A	82.0236
390		N/A	N/A	83.7360	90.1606	N/A	N/A	92.0859	96.7205	N/A	80.1100
400	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	N/A	N/A	83.0428	90.3541	NA	N/A	83.7360 83.0428	90.1606	N/A	80.6568
410		N/A	N/A	101.2373	101.9024	N/A	N/A		90.3541	N/A	81.0338
420		N/A	N/A	97.6284	98.9394	N/A	N/A N/A	101.2373	101.9024	N/A	86.5631
430		N/A	N/A	97.9189	99.0396	N/A	N/A	97.6284	98.9394	N/A	88.7698
440		N/A	N/A	96.7155	98.7906	N/A	N/A	97.9189	99.0396	N/A	88.8597
450		N/A	N/A	75.3667	79.1350	N/A	N/A	96.7155	98.7906	N/A	88.6363
460		N/A	N/A	74.8831	78.6273	N/A	N/A	75.3667	79.1350	N/A	75.3667
470		N/A	N/A	59.0951	62.0499	N/A N/A		74.8831	78.6273	N/A	74.8831
480		N/A	N/A	103.1020	107.0451	N/A	N/A N/A	59.0951	62.0499	N/A	59.0951
490		N/A	N/A	98.6840	100.2180	N/A		103.1020	107.0451	N/A	87.0968
500	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	N/A	N/A	100.3907	103.8800	N/A	N/A N/A	98.6840	100.2180	N/A	86.7615
	Wideband	N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000		N/A N/A	100.3907	103.8800	N/A	86.6064
	Signalling Interconnection	N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A		0.0000	0.0000	N/A	0.0000
	Total Trunking	55.5254	55.1520	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0000	0.0000	N/A	0.0000
520	Interexchange Basket	3J.UEJ4	JJ. 13EU	147	1474	55.5254	55.1520	N/A	N/A	61.0403	N/A
600	Total Interexchange	92.2160	81.3561	N/A	N/A	02 2160	01 0505	A1/A	A1/A	00.0564	
550	Marketing Basket	96.E100	01.0001	IWA	IVA	92.2160	81.8525	N/A	N/A	88.0591	N/A
900	Total Marketing	100.0000	99.6128	N/A	N/A	100.0000	99.6128	N/A	N/A	100.0000	N/A

PCI-1

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11/16/98

Filing Entity: USTR

Transmittal Number: 956

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Price Cap Tariff Review Plan PCI Development

	COMMON LINE BASKET	LINE SENSITIVE		INTER- EXCHANGE BASKET	MARKETING BASKET	
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	
600 GDP-PI	0	0	_			
610 Productivity Factor (X)	ŏ	Ö	0	0	0	
620 GDP-PI - X	ō	Ŏ	0	0	0	
630 Growth in Min./Line (g) - See note	0.0000	N/A V	N/A	0	0	
640 Residual TIC \$ Available To Be Decreased (show as negative number)	NA	N/A	0	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	
660 TIC Total Revenues at PCI(t-1)	N/A	A.V.A				
670 Common Line per Minute Revenues at PCI(I-1)	120,372,490	N/A N/A	139,499,709 N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	
680 Existing PC!	90.974	56.3668				
690 Y(1-1)	N/A	70.3008 N/A	55.5254	92.2160	100.0000	
700 Delta Y	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	0	N/A	
710 Delta Z	0	0		0	N/A	
720 R(I-1)	1.198,238,693	353,828,587	0	0	0	
730 Delta Y/R	N/A	N/A	802,733,769 N/A	43,955,058	82,173,043	
740 Delta Z/R	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0	N/A	
750 W	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000	• 0.0000	0.0000	
760 W*(GDP-PI - X)	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	100,0000	100.0000	
770 W*[GDP-PI - X - (g/2)] / [1 + (g/2)]	0.0000	NA	N/A	N/A	0.0000 N/A	
Calculations Assuming g Included in Ct. Basket						
780 Proposed PCI for Targeting (Non-Exog)	90.9740	56.3668	55.5254	A1/A		
790 Initial Targeted Revenue Differential	Ó	0	05.5254	N/A N/A	100	
800 Actual Targeted Revenue Differential	0	ŏ	ŏ	N/A	0	
810 Targeted Revenue Differential	N/A	N/A	ŏ	NA	N/A	
820 Portion of Allocated Tkng & Targeted TIC EXG2	N/A	NA	0	NA	N/A	
830 Prop. PCI (Unused NonExog Only:Annual Filing SBI Upper Limit calculations only)	N/A	56.3668	NA	N/A	N/A	
840 Proposed PCI (Exog+Unused NonExog) (with g, where appropriate)	90.9740	56.3668	55.5254	92.2160	100.0000	

NOTES:

- (1) Display indexes and factors as percent to four decimal places (e.g., display 100% as 100.000). (2) Display revenues as whole numbers.
- (2) Display revenues as writte numbers.

 (3) Rows 650, 660, 670, 690, and 720 are computed by multiplying base period quantities by the corresponding rates at the last time the PCI was updated.

 (4) Row 630 (g factor) should be entered as zero if there are no per-minute CCL rates going into this filling.

PCI-1 Filing Date:

11/16/98 USTR

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		COMMON TRAFFIC LINE SENSITIVE BASKET BASKET		TRUNKING BASKET	INTER- EXCHANGE BASKET	MARKETING BASKET	
	Calculations Assuming a Evoluted to	(A)	(E	1)	(C)	(D)	(E)
850	Calculations Assuming g Excluded from CL Basket Proposed PCI for Targeting (Non-Exog)						ν_,
860	Initial Targeted Revenue Differential	90.9740		56.3668	55.5254	NA	100.0000
870	Actual Targeted Revenue Differential	0		0	0	N/A	0
880	Targeted Revenue Offerential	0		0	0	N/A	ō
	Seles Lieselfe Dataldilligi	NA	N/A		0	N/A	N/A
890	Portion of Allocated Tkng & Targeted TIC EXG2	N/A	NA		0	NA	N/A
900	Prop. PCI (Unused NonExog Only:Annual Filing SBI Upper Limit calculations only)	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	NA
910	Proposed PCI (Exog+Unused NonExog) (without g)	90.9740		56.3668	55.5254	92.2160	100.0000
	Actual Results						
920	Proposed PCI for Targeting (Non-Exog)	90.9740					
930	Initial Targeted Revenue Differential	90.9740		56.3668	56	NA	100.0000
940	Actual Targeted Revenue Differential	ŏ		0	0	ŴA	0
950	Targeted Revenue Differential	N/A	N/A	0	0	N/A	0
			IVA		0	N/A	N/A
960	Portion of Allocated Tkng & Targeted TIC EXG2	N/A	N/A		0	NA	NA
970	Prop. PCI (Unused NonExog Only:Annual Filing SBI Upper Limit calculations only)	N/A		56.3668	N/A	N/A	N/A
980	Proposed PCI (Exog+Unused NonExog)	90.9740		56.3668	55.5254	92.2160	100.0000

⁽¹⁾ Display indexes and factors as percent to four decimal places (e.g., display 100% as 100.000).(2) Display revenues as whole numbers.

SUM-1

Filing Date: 11/16/98
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IA,MN,NE,WA RATE CHANGE FILING

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Price Cap Tariff Review Plan Price Out Summary

				BASE PER DMD x					
		BASE PERIOD DEMAND x RATES AT LAST PCI UPDATE	BASE PERIOD DEMAND x CURRENT RATES	BASE PERIOD DEMAND x PROPOSED RATES	BASE PER DMD x RATES AT LAST	BASE PER DMD X PROP RATES minus BASE PER DMD X CURRENT RATES			
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D) = (B) - (A)	(E) = (C) - (B)			
	Common Line Basket								
100	End User Common Line	872,563,437	872,563,437	872,563,437	0	0			
110	Common Line per MOU	120,372,490	120,372,490	120,372,490	0	0			
	PICC Common Line	205,302,766	205,302,766	205,302,766	0	0			
115	Other Common Line	0	0		0	0			
120	Total Common Line	1,198,238,693	1,198,238,693	1,198,238,693	0	0			
	Traffic Sensitive Basket								
130	Local Switching	251,635,413	251,635,413	251,635,413 ⁻	. 0	0			
150	Information	28,380,887	28,380,887	28,380,887	0	0			
160	Database Access	24,554,941	24,554,941		0	0			
165	Billing Name and Address	0	0	· · ·	0				
	Local Switching Trunk Ports	46,864,921	46,864,921	46,864,921	0				
	STP Port Terminations	2,392,425	2,392,425	2,392,425	0				
170	Total Traffic Sensitive	353,828,587	353,828,587	353,828,587	O	0			
	Trunking Basket								
171	Interconnection Charge	139,499,709	139,499,709	139,499,709	o	0			
	Tandem Switched Transport	100,481,521	100,481,521	100,481,521	C) 0			
180	Voice Grade, WATS, Metallic & Telegrap	39,580,446	39,580,446	39,580,446	C	0			
190	Audio & Video	3,246,465	3,246,465	3,246,465	C	0			
200	High Caps & DDS	519,925,628	519,601,111	519,601,111	-324,517	0			
210	Wideband	0	0	0	C) 0			
215	Signailing Interconnection	0	0) 0		0			
220	Total Trunking	802,733,769	802,409,252	802,409,252	-324,517	0			
	Interexchange Basket								
230	Total Interexchange	43,955,058	43,955,058	43,688,492	·	-266,566			
	Marketing Basket								
250	Total Marketing	82,173,043	82,173,043	82,173,043	r	^			

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Price Cap Tariff Review Plan Exogenous Cost Changes

		LTS	REGI TOI FEI	łΥ	EXCESS DEFERRED TAXES	ITC AMORTIZ.	:	EMOVAL OF SHARING / LOW END DJUSTMENT	TRUEUP PRIOR SHARING / LOW END ADJUSTMENT	R CURRENT SHARING / LOW END ADJUSTMENT	TELECOMM. RELAY SERVICES	UNIVERSAI SERVICE FUND	L
		(A)	(B))	(C)	(D)		(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)	(1)	••
400	COMMON LINE Revenue Effect				_								
	Depreciation Expense	N/A		'A	0	9	-	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	
	Expense less Depreciation	N/A		A	0	Ç	-	N/A	NA	N/A	NA	N/A	
	Taxes less F.I.T.	N/A		A	0	9		NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	
	Net Return	N/A		A	0	g	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	F.I.T.	N/A		Α	0	C	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adj.	N/A		Ά	0	Ç	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
160	Revenue Effects		0		0 0	C)	O) (0	0)	0
	TRAFFIC SENSITIVE Revenue Effect												
300	Depreciation Expense	N/A	N	Ά	0	c)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Expense less Depreciation	N/A	N		ŏ	č	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Taxes less F.I.T.	N/A	N		ŏ	ă		NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
330	Net Return	NA	N		ő	č		NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	F.I.T.	N/A		'A	. 0	ď		NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
350	Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adj.	N/A		A.	ŏ	č	ĺ	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Revenue Effects	N/A			o ŏ	č	-	0					0
	TRUNKING Revenue Effect									٠.			
500	Depreciation Expense	N/A	N	Ά	0	c	,	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Expense less Depreciation	N/A	. N		ŏ	č		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Taxes less F.I.T.	N/A		Ά	ŏ	č		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Net Return	N/A		'A	ő	Ö	-	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	
540	F.I.T.	N/A	N	A.	ō	č		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
_	Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adj.	N/A		A	ő	č		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Revenue Effects	N/A			o ō	Č	-	(0)) `` `` o			0
	INTEREXCHANGE Revenue Effect												
700	Depreciation Expense	N/A	N	/Α	0	c)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Expense less Depreciation	N/A		'A	ŏ	č		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Taxes less F.I.T.	N/A		'A	ŏ	č	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Net Return	N/A		'A	ő	č		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	F.I.T.	N/A		Ά.	ŏ	č		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adj.	N/A		'A	ŏ	à		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Revenue Effects	N/A	-		o ō	č		0) ' \ `` o			0
	MARKETING Revenue Effect												
1100	Depreciation Expense	N/A	A	/A	0	c		A1/A	B1/4	****			
	Expense less Depreciation	N/A		A A	0	, c		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Taxes less F.I.T.	N/A		'A 'A	0	(N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Net Return	N/A		'A 'A	0	Č	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	F.I.T.	N/A		'A	0	Č		N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	
	Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adi.	N/A		'A	0	0	-	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Revenue Effects	N/A	IN.		0 0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	_
1100	i istorius Cirecia	IVA				·	,	C	,	0	C)	0

NOTE: (1) Total may not equal sum of changes due to interactive effects.
(2) Display whole numbers.

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IA.MN.NE,WA RATE CHANGE FILING

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DESCRIPTION:	800 DB RVRS SALE OF EXC SS7 ADJT			REG TO NONE	REG	DEM REVERSAL				
	OTHER (1)	OTHER (2)	OTHER (3)	OTHER (4)	OTHER (5)	OTHER (6)	OTHER (7)	OTHER (8)	OTHER (9)	TOTAL
COMMON UNIT D	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	(P)	(Q)	(R)	
COMMON LINE Revenue Effect 100 Depreciation Expense					• •	,-,	V /	(4)	(17)	(S)
110 Expense	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	•	
110 Expense less Depreciation	0	0	•	0	0	ō	0	Ö		N/A
120 Taxes less F.I.T.	0	0	0	0	Ö	ő	0	0	-	N/A
130 Net Return	0	0	0	0	Ö	ŏ	0	_	•	N/A
140 F.I.T.	0	0	0	Ō	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	0	N/A
150 Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adj.	0	0	0	Ō	ŏ	Ö		0	0	N/A
160 Revenue Effects	0	0	ō	Ö	ő	0	0	0	0	N/A 0
TRAFFIC SENSITIVE Revenue E	fect							_	J	·
300 Depreciation Expense	0	0	0	0	0	•	_			
310 Expense less Depreciation	0	ō	ŏ	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
320 Taxes less F.I.T.	Ō	ŏ	ő	0	_	0	0	0	0	N/A
330 Net Return	Ŏ	ő	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
340 F.I.T.	ō	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
350 Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adj.	ŏ	ő	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
360 Revenue Effects	ŏ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
TRUNKING Revenue Effect					_	J	•	0	0	0
500 Depreciation Expense	0	0	^	•	_		·.			
510 Expense less Depreciation	ŏ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
520 Taxes less F.I.T.	Ô	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	Ŏ	N/A
530 Net Return	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	ŏ	N/A
540 F.I.T.	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	ŏ	N/A
550 Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adj.	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	Ö	ŏ	N/A
560 Revenue Effects	_	0	0	0	0	0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	
555 Floveride Ellecis	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	ŏ	Ŏ	Ö	N/A 0
INTEREXCHANGE Revenue Effect 700 Depreciation Expense	-									
710 Expense less Describer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
710 Expense less Depreciation	0	0	0	0	ō	ŏ	Ö	0	0	N/A
720 Taxes less F.I.T.	0	0	0	0	ō	Ö	0	0	0	N/A
730 Net Return	0	0			•	U	_	0	0	N/A
740 F.I.T.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
750 Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adj.	0	0	0	0	ŏ	0	0	0	0	N/A
760 Revenue Effects	0	0	0	Ö	ŏ	0	0	0	0 0	N/A 0
MARKETING Revenue Effect							_	J	v	U
1100 Depreciation Expense	0	0	0	0	•	_				
1110 Expense less Depreciation	Ō	ō	ŏ	ő	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
1120 Taxes less F.I.T.	ŏ	ő	ŏ	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
1130 Net Return	ŏ	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
1140 F.I.T.	ŏ	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	N/A
1150 Uncollectible Rev. & Other Adj.	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	Ō	N/A
1160 Revenue Effects	ŏ	0	•	0	0	0	0	Ó	ŏ	N/A
	Ų	U	0	0	n	0	^		<u> </u>	11/1

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NOTE: (1) Total may not equal sum of changes due to interactive effects. (2) Display whole numbers.

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Common Line Basket 100 Total Common Line 0 Traffic Sensitive Basket 110 Local Switching 120 Information 130 Database Access 140 800 DB VertSvcs Sub-Cat 150 Billing Name and Address 154 Local Switching Trunk Ports 158 STP Port Terminations 0 159 TS Untargeted to Svc Bands 0 160 Total Traffic Sensitive 0 Trunking Basket 200 Interconnection Charge 0 210 Tandem Sw Tprt (undesignated) 0 220 Density Zone 1 0 230 Density Zone 2 240 Density Zone 3 0 250 VG/WATS,MT,TGH (undesignated) 260 Density Zone 1 0 270 Density Zone 2 0 280 Density Zone 3 0 290 Audio & Video 0 300 High Cap & DDS (undesignated) 0 310 DS-1 SUB-CAT (undesignated) 0 320 Spec Density Zone 1 0 330 Spec Density Zone 2 340 Spec Density Zone 3 350 DTT Density Zone 1 360 **DTT Density Zone 2** 370 **DTT Density Zone 3** 0 380 Comb Density Zone 1 0 390 Comb Density Zone 2 0 400 Comb Density Zone 3 0 410 **DS-3 SUB-CAT (undesignated)** 420 Spec Density Zone 1 430 Spec Density Zone 2 440 Spec Density Zone 3 450 **DTT Density Zone 1** 460 **DTT Density Zone 2** 470 **DTT Density Zone 3** 480 Comb Density Zone 1 0 490 Comb Density Zone 2 0 500 Comb Density Zone 3 0 510 Wideband 0 515 Signalling Interconnection 0 519 TK Undesignated to Svc Bands 0 520 Total Trunking Interexchange Basket 600 Total Interexchange 0 Marketing Basket

0

800 Total Marketing

Net Exogenous Cost Shifts

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Price Cap Tariff Review Plan Common Line Basket

	BASE PERIOD DEMAND	RATES AT LAST PCI UPDATE	CURRENT RATES	PROPOSED RATES	BASE PERIOD DEMAND x RATES AT LAST PCI UPDATE	BASE PERIOD DEMAND x CURRENT RATES	DEMAND x PROPOSED RATES	INDEX RESULTS
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)
End User Common Line (EUCL)								
100 Multiline Business & PRI ISDN EUCL (1)	41,967,384	7.19	7.19	7.19		301,640,857	301,640,857	N/A
101 Business Centrex EUCL	9,500,724	7.19	7.19	7.19	68,286,518	68,286,518	68,286,518	N/A
110 Primary Res & Single Line Bus EUCL (1)	119,378,484	3.50	3.50	3.50	417,824,694	417,824,694	417,824,694	N/A
111 NonPrimary Residence & BRI ISDN EUCL (1)	14,889,456	5.00	5.00	5.00	74,447,280	74,447,280	74,447,280	N/A
120 Lifeline EUCL (1)	2,497,368	3.50	3.50	3.50		8,740,788	8,740,788	N/A
130 Special Access Surcharge	64,932	25.00	25.00	25.00	1,623,300	1,623,300	1,623,300	N/A
135 Other EUCL	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	0	0	0	N/A
Carrier Common Line								
140 Terminating CCL Prem.	34,435,963,007	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0	0	0	N/A
150 Terminating CCL Non-Prem.	1,534,765	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0	0	0	N/A
160 Originating CCL Prem.	21,351,272,373	0.005638	0.005638	0.005638	120,372,061	120,372,061	120,372,061	N/A
170 Originating CCL Non-Prem.	169,048	0.002537	0.002537	0.002537	429	429	429	N/A
171 Other Minute-related	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	N/A
Presubscribed Interexchange Carrier Charge (PICC)								
174 Multiline Business & PRI ISDN PICC (1)	41,967,384	2.75	2.75	2.75	115,410,306	115,410,306	115,410,306	N/A
175 Business Centrex PICC	1,077,845	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,964,075	2,964,075	2,964,075	N/A
176 Primary Res & Single Line Bus PICC (1)	119,378,484	0.53	0.53	0.53	63,270,597	63,270,597	63,270,597	N/A
177 NonPrimary Residence & BRI ISDN PICC (1)	14,889,456	1.50	1.50	1.50	22,334,184	22,334,184	22,334,184	N/A
178 Lifeline PICC (1)	2,497,368	0.53	0.53	0.53	1,323,605	1,323,605	1,323,605	N/A
179 Other PICC	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	N/A
180 Other Common Line	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	N/A
190 Total Basket	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,198,238,693	1,198,238,693	1,198,238,693	N/A